

## FAKTOR YANG BERHUBUNGAN DENGAN PERILAKU BERPACARAN PADA REMAJA DI SMAN 1 BINAMU KABUPATEN JENEPONTO

### *Factors Associated With Dating in Adolescent Behavior in SMAN 1 Binamu District Jeneponto*

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#### ABSTRAK

Berdasarkan survey awal yang dilakukan peneliti pada tahun 2014 di SMAN 1 Binamu sebanyak 21 orang terdiri dari 11 orang remaja putri dan 10 orang remaja putra. Alasan pertama kali pacaran 62% coba – coba, 76% lebih dari sekali berpacaran, melakukan perilaku berpacaran seperti ngobrol/curhat 100%, dan 35% bahkan telah mencium leher. Selain itu hasil dari variabel yang lain, pengetahuan berpacaran 75% baik, 15% sikap buruk, peran teman sebaya 35% dukungan negatif, sumber informasi (media) 85% mendukung, dan peran keluarga 100% mendukung. Penelitian ini menggunakan rancangan *cross sectional studi*. Sampel penelitian ini adalah sebagian siswa-siswi SMAN 1 Binamu yang berumur 13-18 tahun. Cara pengambilan sampel menggunakan metode *purposive sampling* dengan besar sampel 212. Data dianalisis dengan uji *Chi Square*, *Yates's Corection* dan *Koefisien phi* dengan  $\alpha$  0.05. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan variabel yang berhubungan dengan perilaku berpacaran pada remaja yaitu pengetahuan ( $p=0.013$ ), sikap ( $p=0.025$ ), peran teman sebaya ( $p=0.026$ ), sumber informasi (media) ( $p=0.032$ ), dan peran keluarga (orang tua) ( $p=0.034$ ). Kesimpulan penelitian ini bahwa ada hubungan antara pengetahuan, sikap, peran teman sebaya, sumber informasi (media), dan peran keluarga (orang tua) dengan perilaku berpacaran pada remaja di SMAN 1 Binamu Kabupaten Jeneponto Tahun 2015.

**Kata kunci : Perilaku pacaran, remaja, keluarga**

#### ABSTRACT

*Based on the preliminary survey conducted by researchers in 2014 in SMAN 1 Binamu as many as 21 people, consisting of 11 young women and 10 young men. The reasons were first dating are 62% attempt repeatedly, 76% more than once dating, courtship behavior, such as talking / vent 100%, and 35% have even been kissed her neck. In addition the results of other variables, knowledge of dating 75% good, 15% bad attitude, the role of peers 35% negative support, resources (media) 85% support, and the role of the family 100% support. This study used cross sectional design of the study. The sample was mostly students of SMAN 1 Binamu 13-18 years old. The study used purposive sampling method with 212 respondents. Data were analyzed using Chi Square test, Yates's Corection and the phi coefficient with  $\alpha$  0.05. Data were analyzed using Chi Square test, Yates's Corection and the phi coefficient  $\alpha$  0.05. The results of this study showed that the variables associated with courtship behavior in adolescents were a negative correlation of knowledge ( $p=0.013$ ), attitude ( $p=0.025$ ), the role of peers ( $p=0.026$ ), resources (media) ( $p=0.032$ ), and the role of family (parents) ( $p=0.034$ ). The conclusion of this study that there is a negative correlation relationship between knowledge, attitudes, the role of peers, resources (media), and the role of the family (parents) with dating behavior in adolescents in SMAN 1 Binamu Jeneponto 2015.*

**Keywords : Courtship behavior, teen, family**